

BARNDOM UTAN BROTT

Gäng- snacket

**A guide for parents
and other key adults**

Engelska

Do you fear criminal gangs might be recruiting your child?

Today, far too many children in Sweden are drawn into criminal gangs. Some are even as young as 10-12 years old. As a parent, teacher, coach, family member or other trusted adult, it isn't unusual to feel frustrated and sad. Especially if you feel alone in your situation.

Don't be alone - talk with others

A first step is to start by talking things over with other adults, and with your child. There are also many community organisations and other resources that are experienced with providing support and help.

Be on the lookout for warning signs and if you think you see something, don't hesitate to ask for support. Now. Together we can ensure a safe and secure childhood for all children, free from criminal activity and victimisation.

Gangs are present where your child is

People who are criminals, or who associate with criminals, can be found around schools, in city centres or even near your home. Often they are older young people pretending to be friends with your child. For example, they may offer pizza and soft drinks, and give compliments and gifts. Or offer a lift. Gangs sometimes offer children a sense of camaraderie, a feeling of belonging to something.



Some warning signs to watch out for are:

- If your child starts lying or hiding things
- Starts to socialise with new, older unfamiliar teenagers or adults
- Comes home unexplainably with new clothes or a new smartphone
- Stops asking you for an allowance or seems to have more of their own money
- Sending or receiving suspiciously large or frequent payments (by Swish or bank account transfers)
- All of a sudden has two separate mobile phones
- Abruptly expresses themselves very differently, stating opinions that don't appear to be their own

What do the gangs want with children?

Criminals often want the child to help out with various tasks. The activity may perhaps be delivering or receiving drugs or weapons, threatening others, or in some cases even kill someone. The tasks may seem very small or unimportant at first, but can quickly become quite dangerous.

Not only boys are involved

Girls have also been drawn into gangs and criminality. They often have slightly different roles than boys have. They may be asked to hide or transport money and/or drugs. A young girl with no criminal record is rarely stopped by the police and the gangs being aware of that can take advantage of that by involving girls. That's one of the reasons why it can take much longer to recognise that a girl has become involved in some kind of criminal activity.

Vulnerable children and teenagers in particular

Some children can be particularly vulnerable when gangs work to recruit new members. For example they may be unaccompanied minors or children who have been placed in foster care, or in a residential institution. The police have also raised the alarm about criminal gangs operating in the vicinity of schools, especially those for children with intellectual disabilities.

Criminal gangs are the wrong way to go

Criminals will never help your child achieve their dreams. They will only exploit your child to gain status or avoid being arrested and imprisoned themselves.



How children are lured into crime:

- Gifts of expensive shoes and clothes
- Thinking they will gain status and respect
- Wanting to feel a sense of belonging to a group, a sense of camaraderie

Children often see older youth in their neighbourhood who seem very successful. Youths with many friends and who can buy expensive things.

Some young children believe that gangs can help them achieve their dreams. They want to be respected and "become someone". Or they simply be able to buy the clothes of their dreams.

You are the most important person to your child

As a parent, you are an extremely important person in your child's life - even if they don't always show it. And this is also true for other adults who are significantly involved in a young person's life. You are the one who can see things, who can ask, and who can listen to their concerns and fears. And who are always there for them.

Ask, and keep asking

Many children realise that what is happening is **not okay**. They may feel ashamed, or want to protect the rest of their family. Therefore they may avoid sharing with you what is going on with them, or even outright lie to you. Even though you have a close and loving relationship.

It is important to keep asking how they are and what they are doing, even if your child is reluctant to respond or avoids answering. Your continued presence means a lot.



HOW WAS YOUR DAY?

Things that protect children from crime:

- Active engagement with activities during free time, and secure routines
- Regularly attending school, with extra support if needed
- Doing things together with known adults
- Parents setting clear boundaries and speaking up when things appear to be out of bounds
- Parents and other adults listening and asking

It is important to make efforts to understand your child's thoughts and feelings - without judgment, so that your child has the courage to talk about both the good and the bad things that are happening.

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Ett initiativ från Länsstyrelserna

If you have concerns about your child becoming involved in criminal behaviour, know there is support and help available for both you and your child.

If you are more comfortable remaining anonymous when you phone or e-mail, that is possible.

Support is available throughout Sweden:

- Children's Rights in Society (Bris) - national helpline for children: 116 111
- Bris telephone support for adults in Swedish: 077-150 50 50, English and Arabic: 077-448 09 00
- Victim Support Sweden - Brottsofferjouren support line - for victims of crime, witnesses or their relatives: 116 006 or brottsofferjouren.se
- Föräldrallinjen - parental support helpline for those who are concerned about a child: 020-85 20 00 or mind.se
- Police: to make a report or provide tips, telephone 11414 or polis.se/tips Phone 112 in an emergency.

Local support in Ludvika/Dalarna

- Social services reception unit for children and young people (Socialtjänstens mottagning för barn och unga): call the municipality central number (växel) on 0240-860 00 and ask to speak to the reception unit (mottagningen) for individual care and family care services (individ- och familjeomsorgen).
- For Emergency Social Services of Dalarna (Socialjouren i Dalarna) please call 112 and ask to be connected to the Emergency Social Services of Dalarna (Socialjouren i Dalarna).
- Social workers working in the field (fältsocionom):
Jörgen Grundström, 0240-868 83 with (SMS number: 076-126 27 07),
Emelie Angelin, 0240-868 73 with (SMS number: 070-252 70 87),
e-mail: faltgruppen@ludvika.se.
- Crime Prevention Coordinator:
Matilda Tjust, 0240-860 27, e-mail: matilda.tjust@ludvika.se.